

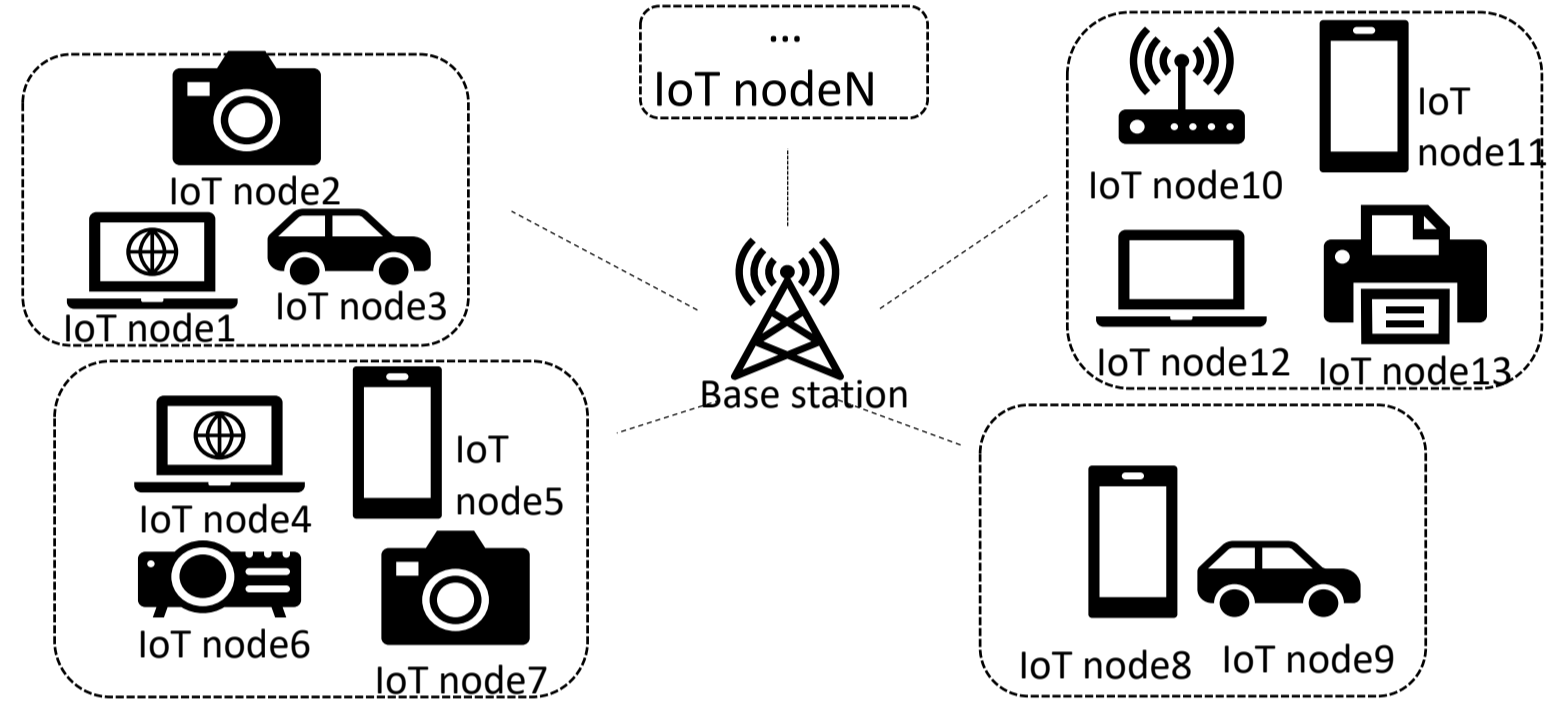
Amoeba-Inspired System Controller for IoT Edge

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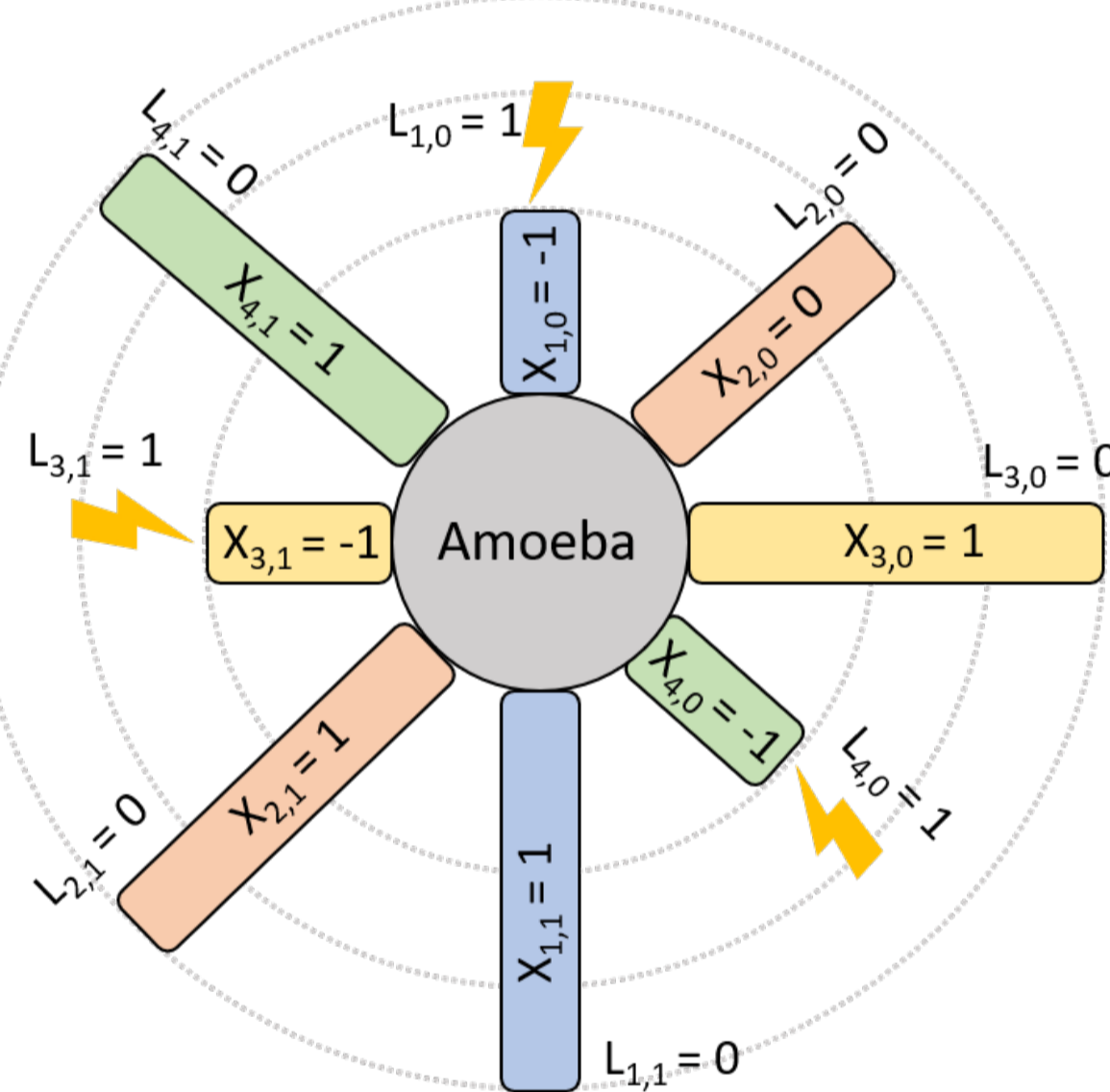
Overview

- Motivation
 - Needs of real-time control/decision making in IoT systems -> shift from cloud to edge controllers
 - Control rules from IoT systems (5G networks, etc.) can be efficiently represented by a Boolean Satisfiability (SAT) problem
 - Edge devices are resource-constrained
- => Light-weight SAT-based IoT system controllers on edge devices
- AmoebaSAT
 - Inspired by the behaviour of an amoeba
 - Efficiently explore the assignment of decision variables **in parallel**
 - Take **less iterations#** to find a solution than state-of-the-art algorithms
- This work:
 - Implement AmoebaSAT on FPGA through High Level Synthesis
 - Fine-grained (**variable-level**) parallelism
 - Explore several **optimization** techniques



AmoebaSAT Computing Architecture

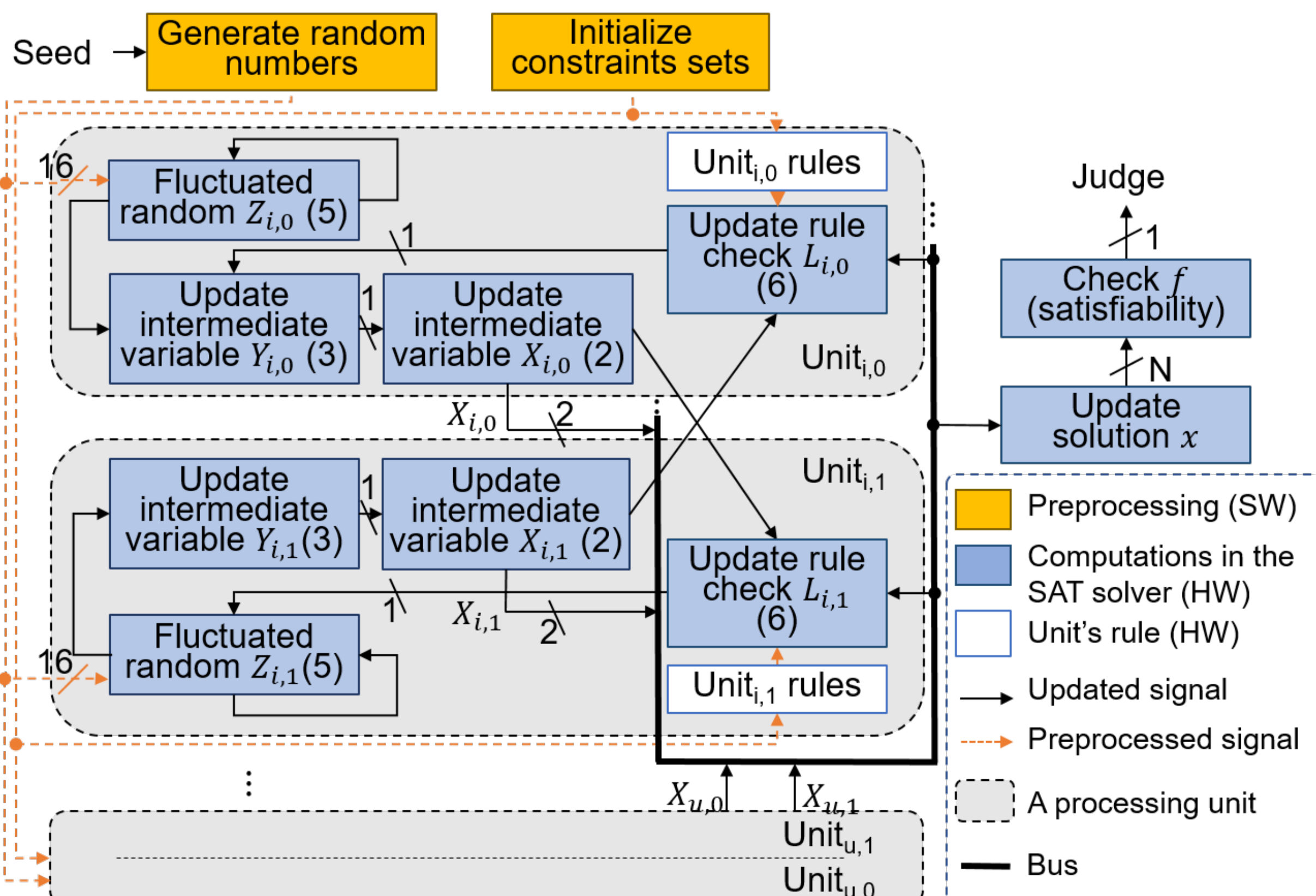
- Model
 - For N variables, construct 2N units representing expandable amoeba legs
 - Each variable x_i is represented by a ternary pair:
 - Unit (i,0): assert $x_i = 0$
 - Unit (i,1): assert $x_i = 1$
 - Each unit (i,v) has its own intermediate variables:
 - $X_{i,v} \in \{-1,0,1\}$: equilibrium volume of unit (i,v)
 - $L_{i,v} \in \{0,1\}$: light on unit (i,v)
 - Etc.



Assignment of 4 variables (N=4):
 $x_1=1, x_2=1, x_3=0, x_4=1$

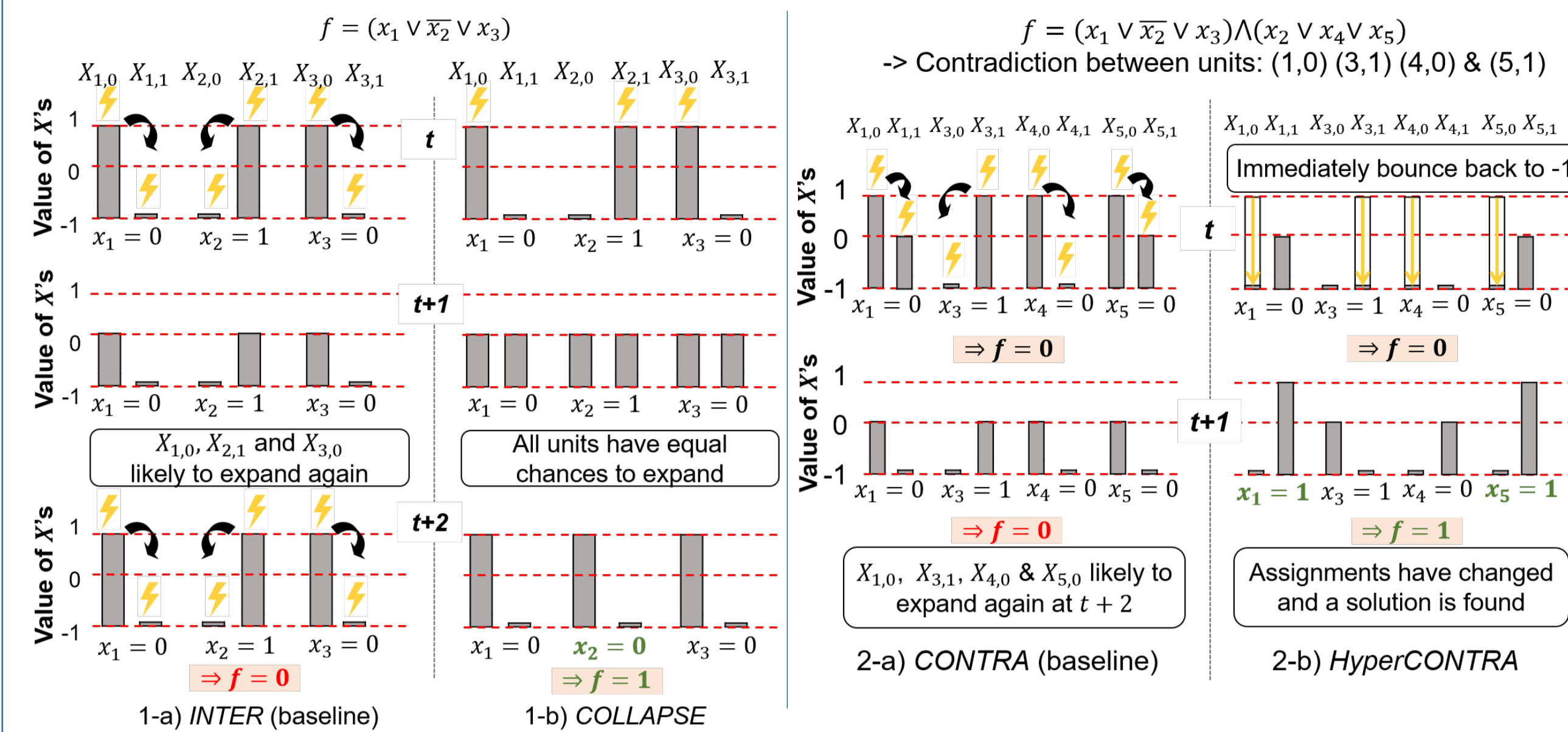
- Bounceback control
 - Constraints are generated from input SAT instances
 - $L_{i,v}$ is turned on when a constraint is violated
 - $L_{i,v}(t) = 1 \Rightarrow$ Bounceback signal ON
 - $L_{i,v}(t) = 0 \Rightarrow$ Bounceback signal OFF
 - Ensure the assignment of all variables satisfies problem constraints

Hardware Architecture



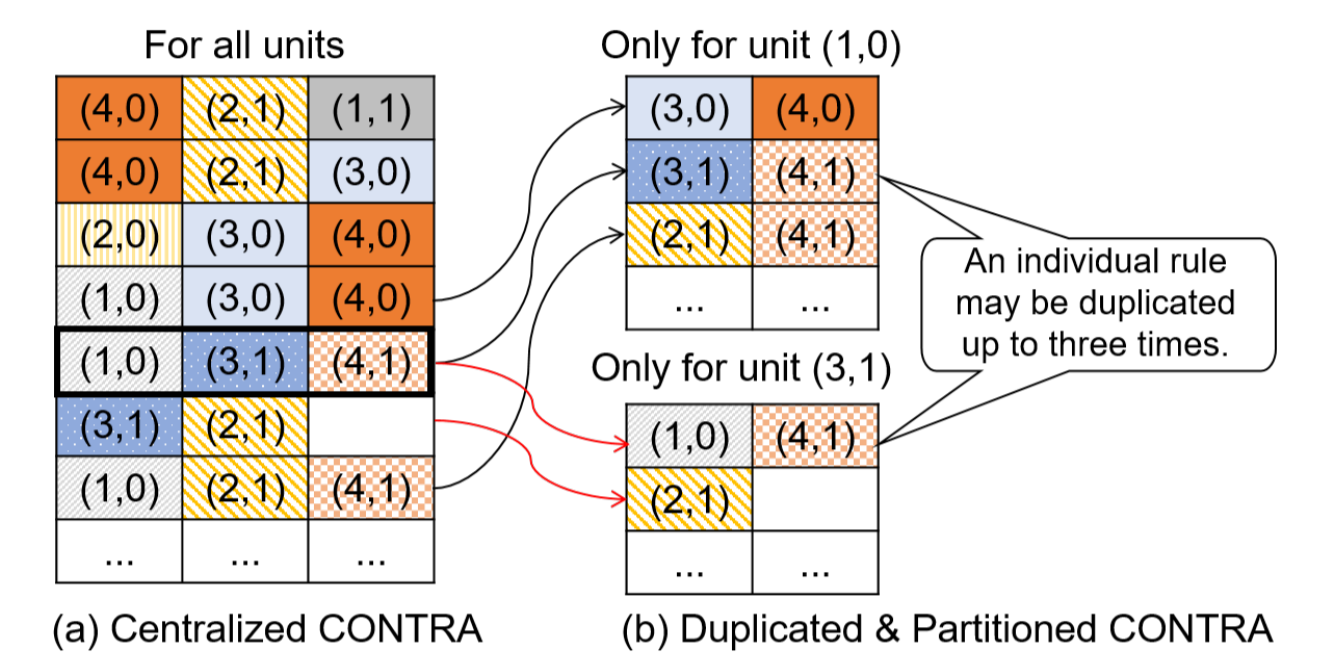
High-level design of Hardware AmoebaSAT Solver

□ Bounceback rules extension

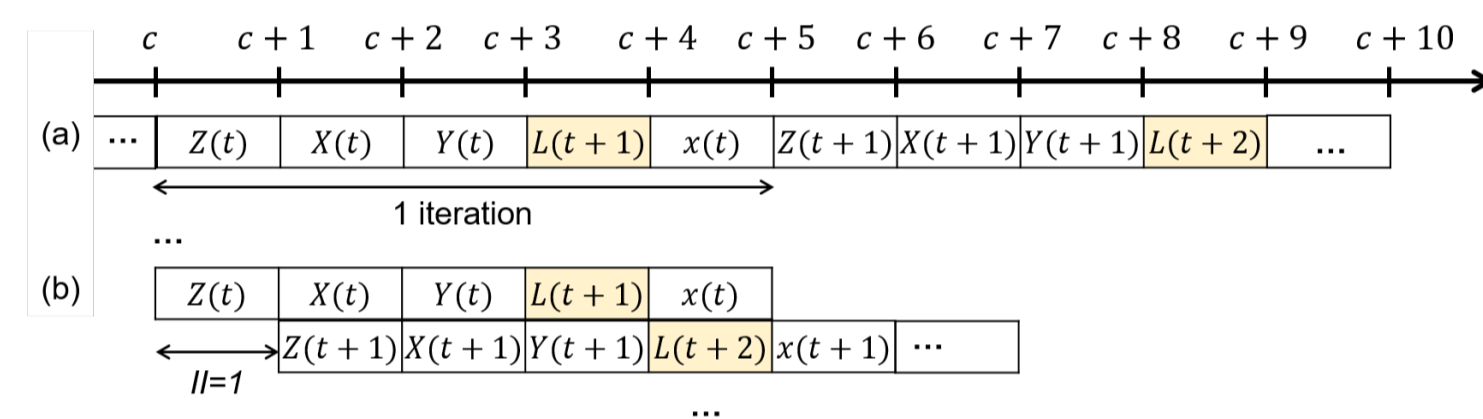


□ Data localization

- Avoid data dependencies
- => Memory partitioning and parallelism



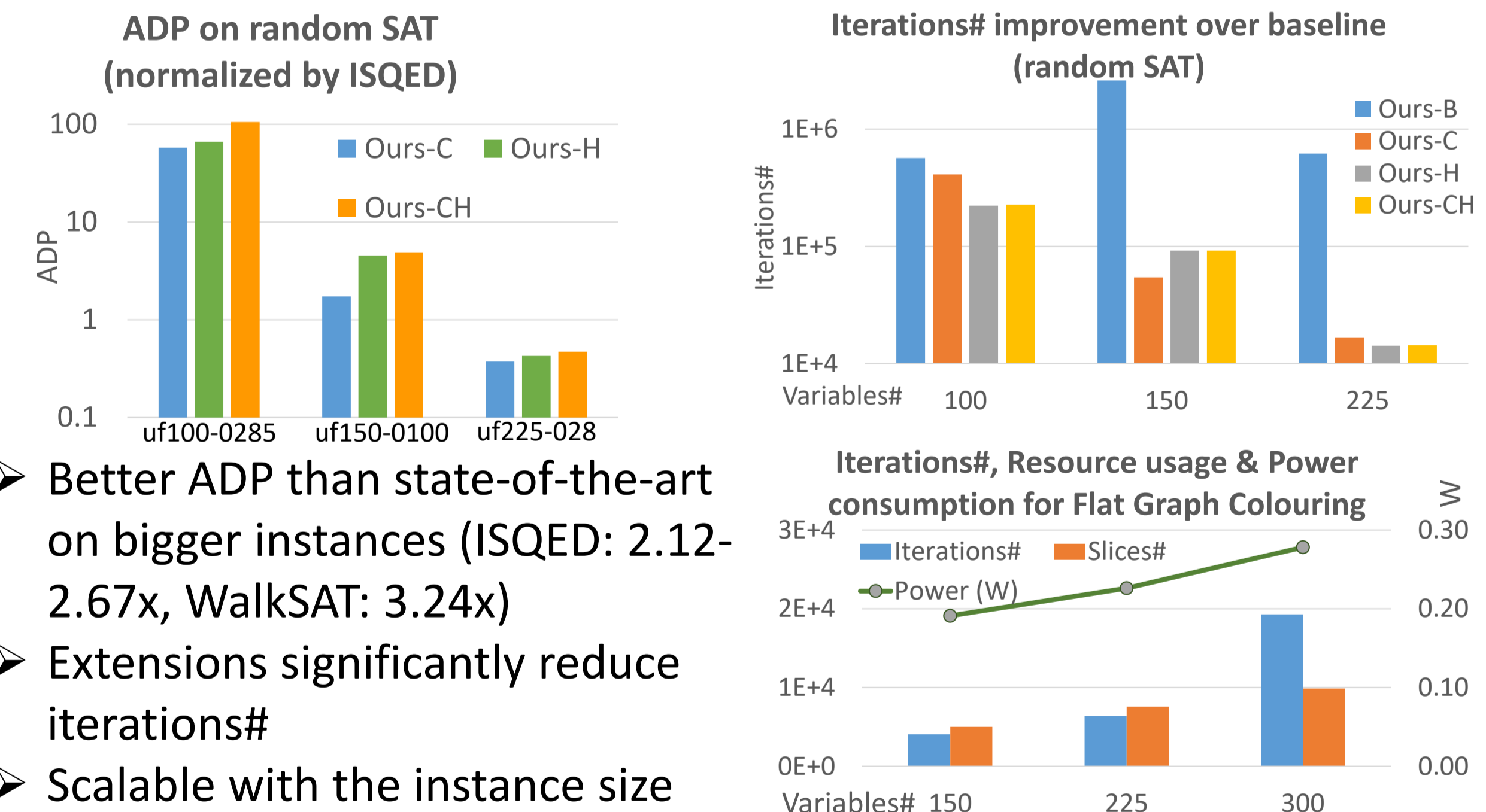
➢ Loop pipelining



Experiments & Results

- Experiment A: Synthesis and simulation results of AmoebaSAT with random & flat graph colouring benchmarks from SATLIB
 - Setup: Zynq xc7z030ffv676-3, VivadoHLS 2016.3
 - Ours-B: Baseline, implemented original AmoebaSAT
 - Ours-C: COLLAPSE version
 - Ours-H: HyperCONTRA version
 - Ours-CH: employs both COLLAPSE & HyperCONTRA

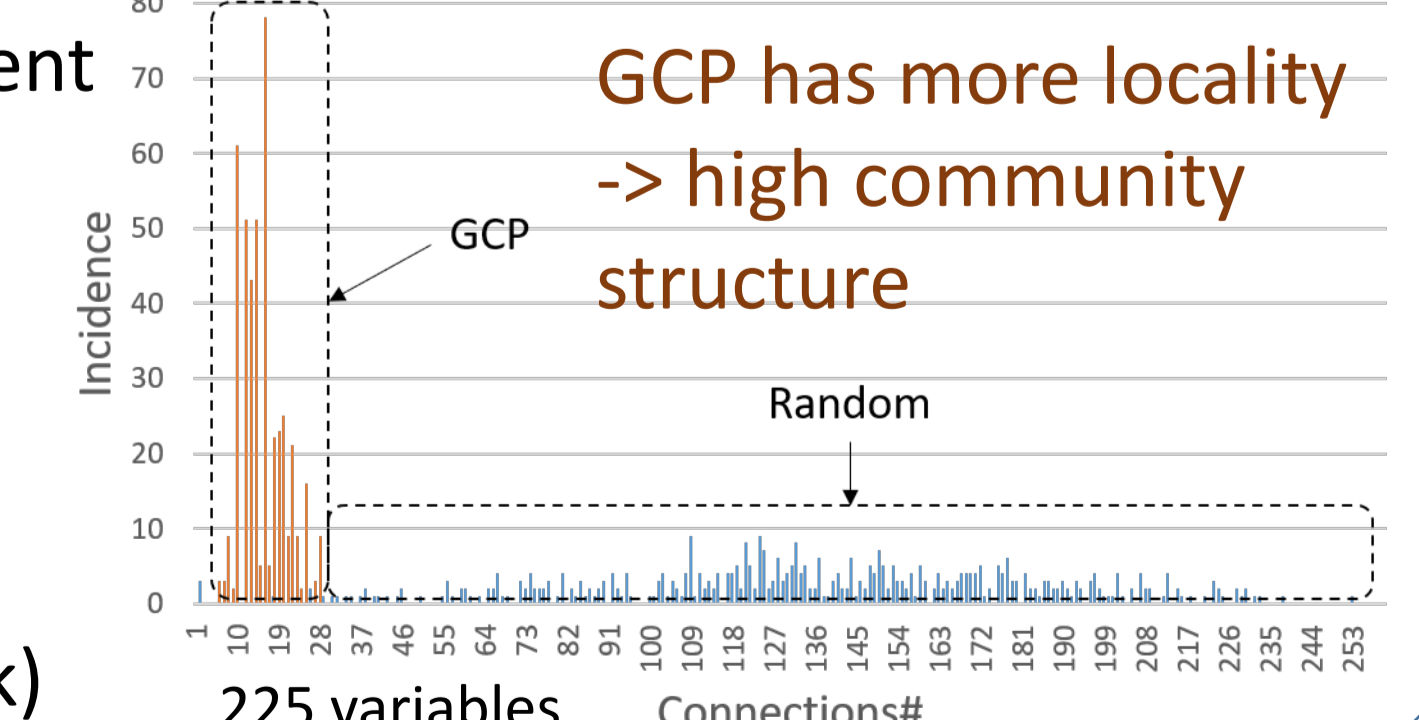
○ Results



- Better ADP than state-of-the-art on bigger instances (ISQED: 2.12-2.67x, WalkSAT: 3.24x)
- Extensions significantly reduce iterations#
- Scalable with the instance size

□ Experiment B: Important insights on IoT-based SAT instances

- Unit's connections#: dependent units# for rules checking
- Measured a histogram of connections# and their incidence
- => Leverage these insights into HW configurations (future work)



Publications

1. A. H. N. Nguyen, et al., "FPGA-Based Hardware/Software Co-Design of a Bio-Inspired SAT Solver," in IEEE Access, vol. 8, pp. 49053-49065, Mar. 2020.
2. A. H. N. Nguyen et al., "Amoeba-Inspired Hardware SAT Solver with Effective Feedback Control," Proc. of Int'l Conference on Field-Programmable Technology, pp.241-246, 2019.
3. A. H. N. Nguyen et al., "FPGA-Based Amoeba-Inspired SAT Solver for Cyber-Physical Systems," Proc. of WIP of Int'l Conference on Cyber-Physical Systems, pp.316-317, 2019.
4. Y. Nakayama et al., "Real-Time Routing for Wireless Relay Fronthaul with Vehicle-Mounted Radio Units," Proc. of IEEE Vehicular Technology Conference-Spring, 2020.